Write your name here Surname	Oth	ner names
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Swahili Paper 1		
Wednesday 24 May 2017 – Morning Time: 3 hours Paper Reference 4SW0/01		
You do not need any other m	naterials.	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- You must **not** use a dictionary.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

P 4 8 2 5 4 A 0 1 1 6

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1.	Translate the following sentences into Swahili .	
	(a) The teacher is strict with his students.	(2)
	(b) Yesterday I visited my uncle in Mombasa town.	(2)
	(c) When we saw the visitor, we welcomed her.	(2)
	(d) Why are the trains always so unreliable?	(2)
	(e) If you come tomorrow, we shall telephone mother.	(2)
	(5 additional marks are available for the quality of Swahili in your answers)
	(Total for Question 1 = 15 marks))

2. Translate the following passage into Swahili.

Do you remember the first time you went somewhere that you enjoyed a great deal? Well I remember my first trip to a place called 'Funland'. I went with my parents and younger sister. I am normally lazy and hate waking up early in the morning, but on that day I woke up before anyone else in my family. I rushed everyone to get ready so we would be the first people to arrive there. We had breakfast. I had some eggs, bread and a glass of cold milk. My little sister had porridge and my parents chose coffee and fruits.

When we arrived I was amazed at how beautiful it was. First there were huge cups that went around in circles. We climbed into the cups and we all laughed with happiness while riding these. Then there were trains which went up and down, and no one knew when they would stop. Later on, we rode the racing cars and made them bump into each other. At the end of the day my feet were painful, but I didn't care because it had been the best day of my life. I cannot wait to go back there soon!

When I told my classmates about the trip, one of them said, "Oh yes! When we visit 'Funland', we will immediately go to the scary mountains and fast cars. We will not waste our time on the baby rides." I feel happy just imagining myself at 'Funland' during our next school trip.

(25)



3. Translate the following passage **into English**.

Mara kwa mara ninapotoka shuleni, mimi hununua gazeti. Nimekuwa nikifanya hivi kwa muda wa mwaka mmoja sasa. Ninaamini kwamba hivi sasa nina upeo mkubwa zaidi wa habari. Kwa mfano, jana nilisoma kuhusu mwanasayansi aliyewaachia nyuki wamwume mara nyingi sana, katika sehemu 25 tofauti za mwili wake.

Lengo lake lilikuwa ni kugundua sehemu ya mwili ambayo inauma zaidi kuliko zote pale inapong'atwa. Baada ya wiki kadhaa, akiwa ameng'atwa zaidi ya mara elfu moja na aina mia moja na hamsini za nyuki tofauti, aligundua kwamba pua ndiyo sehemu ipatayo maumivu makali zaidi kuliko zote. Baada ya uvumbuzi huu, alitunukiwa zawadi maalum inayoitwa 'ig Nobel'. Ni lazima niseme, nilicheka sana niliposoma kuhusu jambo hili.

Ninakumbuka kuumwa na nyuki kwenye sikio hapo zamani. Ilikuwa asubuhi na nilikuwa mwanafunzi wa kwanza kufika shuleni. Nikaenda katika choo chetu cha shule. Kulikuwa na nyuki mle ndani na labda nilimtisha kwani alining'ata. Hapo hapo nilipiga kelele na nikakimbia nje ya choo. Sikuenda kumtafuta mwalimu yeyote; nilikimbia hadi nyumbani. Nilipofika nilimkuta bibi yangu akisikiliza redio. Alipoliona tu sikio langu jekundu aliharakisha kuliwekea majivu. Baadaye nilirudi shuleni kwani maumivu yalipungua baada ya dakika chache. Ninapokumbuka kukumbana kwangu na nyuki nina hakika kwamba nisingetaka kuwa huyo mwanasayansi.

Mimi ninafahamu kwamba nyuki wa asali huwa wakali wanapochokozwa; kwa mfano hung'ata pale mtu anapojaribu kuchukua asali yao. Na siku hizi, kutokana na idadi ya watu kukua mijini na kuwepo kwa magonjwa, nyuki wa asali wanakumbana na vitisho kila siku na idadi yao inapungua. Kwa vile sisi sote tunapenda asali, inabidi tutafute njia za kuwafanya wajihisi salama.

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(25)



4. Write an essay of up to 250 words in Swahili on one of the following topics:

Either

- (a) Some students take a 'gap year' before joining a university where for a whole year, they may travel or work. What are the advantages or disadvantages of this?
 - Wanafunzi wengine huchukua likizo ya mwaka mmoja kabla ya kujiunga na chuo kikuu ambapo kwa mwaka mzima, wanaweza kusafiri au kufanya kazi. Nini manufaa au ubaya wa jambo hili?
- (b) In many countries people are moving from rural areas into cities. What is the consequence of this?
 - Katika nchi nyingi watu wanahamia mijini kutoka vijijini. Nini matokeo ya jambo hili?
- (c) Who is your favourite musician? Explain why.
 - Ni nani mwanamuziki wako unayempenda zaidi? Elezea kwa nini.

Or

(d) It is common nowadays for everyone in a family to have their own piece of technology, such as a mobile phone or computer. In your view, what will be the effects of this?

Ni kawaida siku hizi kwa kila mtu katika familia kuwa na chombo chake mwenyewe kinachotumia teknolojia, kama simu ya mkono au kompyuta (rununu au tarakilishi). Kwa mawazo yako, nini athari za jambo hili?

(35)

Instructions to candidates:

Indicate which question you are answering by marking the box (\boxtimes). If you change your mind, put a line through the box (\boxtimes) and then indicate your new question with a cross (\boxtimes).

Chosen question number: Question 4(a)

Question 4(b)

Question 4(c)

Question 4(d)

Please turn over for answer space.







(Total for Question 4 = 35 marks)
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 100 MARKS